

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A digital subscriber line communicating system for communicating modulated symbols between a transmitting side and a receiving side through a communication line, comprising:

5 a bitmap calculating unit, provided in said receiving side, for calculating a bitmap which defines the number of transmissible bits for each carrier signal of said symbols in each of periodical noise durations, the calculated bitmap being sent to and stored in said transmitting side during an initialization period of the communication; and

10 15 a rate converter, provided in said transmitting side, for converting a constant rate of an input transmitting data into a rate determined by said bitmap, and for adding, in a predetermined number of said periodical noise durations, dummy bits to the data having the converted rate, said dummy bits corresponding to the difference between said rate determined by said bitmap and said constant rate;

20 25 said bitmap calculating unit including:

a line quality measuring unit for measuring the quality of said communication line in each of said periodical noise durations;

30 35 a transmission bit number converter for calculating the number of transmissible bits to be allocated to each carrier to form said bitmap; and

a bitmap optimizing unit for minimizing said dummy bits by decreasing the number of said transmissible bits allocated to each carrier signal of said symbols.

2. The subscriber line communicating system according to claim 1, wherein, said decreasing is performed in the order from the number of bits allocated to a carrier with a smaller S/N margin to the number of bits allocated to a carrier with a larger S/N margin.

3. The subscriber line communicating system

according to claim 1, wherein, after said initialization period, said transmitting side transmits data according to said bitmap optimized in said receiving side and transmitted from said receiving side to said transmitting side.

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4. The subscriber line communicating system according to claim 1, further comprising:

10 a timing signal generating unit for generating said timing signal synchronized with a periodical noise including said periodical noise durations which interfere with said transmitting side and said receiving side; and

15 a sliding window generating unit for generating sliding windows based on said timing signal;

wherein 345 continuous modulated symbols including 5 synchronization symbols constitute a hyperframe including 34 of said sliding windows; and wherein

20 according to a single bitmap mode in which said symbols are transmitted and received through only insides of said sliding windows, the number of said dummy bits is expressed as:

25 (a transmitting capacity of data output from said rate converter)-(a transmitting capacity of data input to said rate converter)
= $(N_{\text{bitmap_inside}}) * (N_{\text{inside}}) - (N_{\text{rate}}) * (340 * 8)$

where "N_bitmap_inside" is the number of bits transmitted per each symbol in each inside of said sliding windows;

30 "N_inside" is the number of symbols in the insides of the sliding windows per each hyperframe;

"N_rate" is $(N_{\text{rate}} * 32 \text{ kbps})$ = user data rate;

35 340*8 is the number of bits in each hyperframe per 32kbps

wherein said dummy bits are minimized by replacing

N_rate = int((Mi*N_inside)/(340*8)) and
N_bitmap_inside = int[((N_rate*340*8)+N_inside-
1)/N_inside]

5 where "int" means to round down to an
integer; and

"Mi" is number of the transmittable bits
per each inside symbol calculated by line quality
measuring.

10 5. The subscriber line communicating system
according to claim 1, further comprising:

15 a timing signal generating unit for
generating said timing signal synchronized with a
periodical noise including said periodical noise
durations which interfere with said transmitting side and
said receiving side; and

20 a sliding window generating unit for
generating sliding windows based on said timing signal;
wherein 345 continuous modulated symbols
including 5 synchronization symbols constitute a
hyperframe including 34 of said sliding windows; and
wherein

25 according to a dual bitmap mode in which
said symbols are transmitted and received through both
insides and outsides of said sliding windows, the number
of said dummy bits is expressed as:

(a transmitting capacity of data output from said
rate converter)-(a transmitting capacity of data input to
said rate converter)

30
$$= (N_bitmap_inside) * (N_inside) + (N_bitmap_outside) * (N_outside) - (N_rate) * (340 * 8)$$

where "N_bitmap_inside" is the number of
bits transmitted per each symbol in each inside of said
sliding windows;

35 "N_inside" is the number of symbols in the
insides of the sliding windows per each hyperframe;

"N_bitmap_outside" is the number of bits
transmitted per each symbol in each outside of said

sliding windows;

"N_outside" is the number of symbols in
the outsides of said sliding windows per each hyperframe;

5 "N_rate" is $(N_{rate} \times 32\text{kbps})$, = user data
rate;

340*8 is the number of bits in each
hyperframe per 32kbps

wherein said dummy bits are minimized by
replacing

10 $N_{rate} = \text{int}\{(M_i \cdot N_{inside} + M_o \cdot N_{outside}) / (340 \cdot 8)\}$ and
 $N_{bitmap_outside} = M_o$
 $N_{bitmap_inside} = \text{int}\{((N_{rate} \cdot 340 \cdot 8) -$
 $N_{bitmap_outside} \cdot N_{outside} + N_{inside} - 1) / N_{inside}\}$

15 where "int" means to round down to an
integer;

"M_i" is number of the transmittable bits per
each inside symbol calculated by line quality measuring;
and

20 "M_o" is number of the transmittable bits per
each outside symbol calculated by line quality measuring.

6. A transceiver for communicating modulated
symbols through a communication line, said transceiver
comprising:

25 a bitmap calculating unit for calculating
a bitmap which defines the number of transmissible bits
for each carrier signal of said symbols in each of
periodical noise durations, the calculated bitmap being
sent to and stored in said transmitting side during an
initialization period of the communication; and

30 a rate converter for converting a constant
rate of an input transmitting data into a rate determined
by said bitmap, and for adding, in a predetermined number
of said periodical noise durations, dummy bits to the
data having the converted rate, said dummy bits
35 corresponding to the difference between said rate
determined by said bitmap and said constant rate;
said bitmap calculating unit including:

a line quality measuring unit for measuring the quality of said communication line in each of periodical noise durations;

5 a transmission bit number converter for calculating the number of transmissible bits to be allocated to each carrier to form said bitmap; and

10 a bitmap optimizing unit for minimizing said dummy bits by decreasing the number of said transmissible bits allocated to each carrier signal of said symbols.

7. The transceiver according to claim 6, wherein, said decreasing is performed in the order from the number of bits allocated to a carrier with a smaller S/N margin to the number of bits allocated to a carrier with a larger S/N margin.

15 8. The transceiver according to claim 6, wherein, after said initialization period, said transmitting side transmits data according to said bitmap optimized in said receiving side and transmitted from said receiving side to said transmitting side.

20 9. The transceiver according to claim 6, further comprising:

25 a timing signal generating unit for generating said timing signal synchronized with a periodical noise including said periodical noise durations which interfere with said transmitting side and said receiving side; and

30 a sliding window generating unit for generating sliding windows based on said timing signal;

35 wherein 345 continuous modulated symbols including 5 synchronization symbols constitute a hyperframe including 34 of said sliding windows; and wherein

according to a single bitmap mode in which said symbols are transmitted and received through only insides of said sliding windows, the number of said dummy bits is expressed as:

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(a transmitting capacity of data output from said rate converter)-(a transmitting capacity of data input to said rate converter)

= (N_bitmap_inside)*(N_inside)-(N_rate)*(340*8)

5 where "N_bitmap inside" is the number of bits transmitted per each symbol in each inside of said sliding windows;

"N_inside" is the number of symbols in the insides of the sliding windows per each hyperframe;

"N_rate" is (N_rate*32kbps) = user data

10 rate;

340*8 is the number of bits in each hyperframe per 32 kbps

wherein said dummy bits are minimized by replacing:

15 N_rate = int{(Mi*N_inside)/(340*8)} and
N_bitmap_inside = int{(N_rate*340*8)+N_inside-1}/N_inside

where "int" means to round down to an integer; and

20 "Mi" is number of the transmittable bits per each inside symbol calculated by line quality measuring.

10. The transceiver according to claim 6, further comprising:

25 a timing signal generating unit for generating said timing signal synchronized with a periodical noise including said periodical noise durations which interfere with said transmitting side and said receiving side; and

30 a sliding window generating unit for generating sliding windows based on said timing signal;

wherein 345 continuous modulated symbols including 5 synchronization symbols constitute a hyperframe including 34 of said sliding windows; and

35 wherein

according to a dual bitmap mode in which said symbols are transmitted and received through both

insides and outsides of said said sliding windows, the number of said dummy bits is expressed as:

5 (a transmitting capacity of data output from said rate converter)-(a transmitting capacity of data input to said rate converter)

$$= (N_bitmap_inside)*(N_inside)+(N_bitmap_outside)* (N_outside)-(N_rate)*(340*8)$$

where "N_bitmap_inside" is the number of bits transmitted per each symbol in each inside of said sliding windows;

10 "N_inside" is the number of symbols in the insides of the sliding windows per each hyperframe;

"N_bitmap_outside" is the number of bits transmitted per each symbol in each outside of said sliding windows;

15 "N_outside" is the number of symbols in the outsides of said sliding windows per each hyperframe;

"N_rate" is $(N_rate*32 \text{ kbps})$ = user data rate;

20 340*8 is the number of bits in each hyperframe per 32 kbps

wherein said dummy bits are minimized by replacing

N_rate = int $\{(M_i * N_inside + M_o * N_outside) / (340*8)\}$ and

N_bitmap_outside = Mo

25 N_bitmap_inside = int $\{((N_rate*340*8) -$

N_bitmap_outside*N_outside+N_inside-1)/N_inside]

where "int" means to round down to an integer;

"Mi" is number of the transmittable bits per each inside symbol calculated by line quality measuring; and

30 "Mo" is number of the transmittable bits per each outside symbol calculated by line quality measuring.